

PART 1. HSA OWNER		PART 2. HSA TRUSTEE OR CUSTODIAN	
			To be completed by the HSA trustee or custodian
Name (First/MI/Last)		_ Name	
Social Security Number		Address Line 1	
Date of Birth Phone		Address Line 2	
Email Address			
Account Number	Suffix	Phone	Organization Number
PART 3. CONTRIBUTION TYPE ELIGITOR TO be eligible for an HSA contribution type listed that apply to contribution eligibility.			oust be true. Refer to page 2 for rules and conditions
REGULAR (Includes catch-up contributions and ☐ I am covered by an HSA-eligible high deduct ☐ I am not covered by a nonHDHP that provide ☐ I am not enrolled in Medicare. ☐ I am not eligible to be claimed as a depende	ible health plan (HDHP) es coverage for any ben	efit that is also covered unc	der the HDHP (with limited exceptions).
If this contribution is a qualified HSA funding d	listribution from your II	RA, the following statemen	nts also must be true.
$\hfill\Box$ I have not previously completed a qualified I $\hfill\Box$ This is a direct movement of assets from my	-	n from my IRA.	
ROLLOVER (Distribution from an HSA or Arche	er MSA that is being dep	oosited into this HSA)	
$\hfill\Box$ I received the assets from the distributing HS $\hfill\Box$ I have not rolled over any assets to an HSA in		n the last 60 days.	
PART 4. SIGNATURE			
I certify that all of the information provided by type of HSA contribution being made.	me is accurate and may	be relied upon by the trust	tee or custodian. I certify that I am eligible for the
x			
Signature of HSA Owner			Date (mm/dd/yyyy)

RULES AND CONDITIONS APPLICABLE TO HSA CONTRIBUTION ELIGIBILITY

HSA contribution rules are often complex. The general rules are listed below. If you have any questions regarding a contribution, please consult with a competent tax professional or refer to IRS Publication 969, Health Savings Accounts and Other Tax-Favored Health Plans, for more information. This publication is available on the IRS website at www.irs.gov or by calling 1-800-TAX-FORM.

REGULAR

You may contribute to an HSA if all of the following apply.

- High Deductible Health Plan (HDHP). You are covered by an HSA-eligible HDHP. An HDHP is a health plan that satisfies each of the following requirements regarding deductibles and out-of-pocket expenses. The rules that define HSA-eligible HDHPs can be complicated. Check with your health insurance provider to determine if your health plan coverage is HSA-compatible.
 - For self-only coverage, the annual deductible is at least \$1,400 (for 2020 and 2021) and annual out-of-pocket expenses cannot exceed \$6,900 (for 2020) or \$7,000 (for 2021)
 - For family coverage, the annual deductible is at least \$2,800 (for 2020 and 2021) and annual out-of-pocket expenses cannot exceed \$13,800 (for 2020) or \$14,000 (for 2021)
- Other Coverage. Generally, you may not be covered under any other type of nonHDHP benefit program, such as health flexible spending
 arrangements and health reimbursement arrangements, or have received Veterans Affairs (VA) medical benefits. Exceptions exist for vision,
 dental, long-term care, disability, and preventive care.
- · Medicare. You may not be enrolled in Medicare.
- Dependent. You may not be eligible to be claimed as a dependent on another person's tax return.
- · Contribution Limit. The total amount you may contribute to an HSA for any tax year may not exceed the following annual limits.
 - For self-only coverage, \$3,550 (for 2020) or \$3,600 (for 2021)
 - For family coverage, \$7,100 (for 2020) or \$7,200 (for 2021)
- Catch-Up Contribution. If you are age 55 or older by the end of the year, you may be eligible to make an additional \$1,000 catch-up contribution
 to an HSA for that tax year.
- Qualified HSA Funding Distribution. A qualified HSA funding distribution is a one-time direct movement of assets from a Traditional IRA or Roth IRA to an HSA, and is treated as a regular HSA contribution. If your insurance coverage changes from self-only to family during the year, you may make an additional HSA funding distribution to meet, but not exceed, the family coverage contribution limit.

ROLLOVER

Timeliness. The assets you receive from the distributing HSA or Archer medical savings account (MSA) generally must be deposited into another HSA within 60 calendar days.

Twelve-Month Restriction. You are entitled to one HSA rollover contribution in a 12-month period.